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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD II.B.TECH - I SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER, 2009 FOUNDATION OF SOLID MECHANICS (AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:80
Answer any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks





For the steel bar shown above of diameter 100mm, draw the axial load diagram, and determine.

- a) Stresses in each member
- b) Net elongation

[16]

2.a) What is the importance of SFD and BMD



b] Draw the SFD and BMD for the beam shown above. What should be the distance 'x' such that the reaction at A is zero. [6+10]

3.a) Derive the flexure equation of bending with assumptions using standard notationsb)



Determine the maximum bending stress for the steel beam shown above [10+6]



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Time: 3hours

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Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Explain the stres-strain diagram for mild steel with neat sketch and mark various limits of stresses.
 - b) What is the significance of load diagrams and draw the load diagram for the following steel bar



- 2.a) Define shear force and Bending moment and derive the relations with standard notations
 - b) The shear force diagram is shown below. Determine the loading and draw the B.M diagram.



3.a) Explain the presence of transverse shear stresses in beams due to transverse shear load

- b) Derive the Equation for shear stress in flauges and web of an I section and draw the variation of shear stress
- 4.a) Define Neutral axis and section Modulus of a beam

Cont....2



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SET II

b)



Determine the bending stress X-X at the section at a distance of 10mm below the neutral axis.

5.a) Derive the flexure Equation of deflection



- b) Determine the deflection at C for the cantilever beam loaded as shown above.
- A cylindrical thin drum of 1000 mm in diameter and 3000 mm long has a shell thickness of 10mm. If the drum is subjected to an internal pressure of 3 N/mm²

Determine:

- a) Change in diameter
- b) Change in length
- c) Change in volume

 $E=2X10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, Poisson's ratio=0.25. [16]

- 7. What are the various types of semi permanent joints. Explain in detail with neat sketches [16]
- 8.a) What are the different cases of unsymmetrical bending
 - b) Derive the Equation for bending stress when a symmetrical section subjected to loading at an angle ' θ ' to the vertical. [8+8]

[6+10]

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Time: 3hours

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Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Why steel is more elasitc than rubber. Explain
- b) Explain the mechanical properties of a material briefly in detail.
- 2.a) The intensity of loading on a simply supported beam of 5m Spain increases gradually from 1 KN/m at one end to s KN/m run on the other end. Find the position and amount of maximum bending moment. Also draw the S.F. And B.M. diagrams. [16]

3.a)



For the beams shown with different loading conditions, determine the ratio of Maximum bending moments, $\frac{M_a}{M_b}$ What should be the value of 'P' such that both the beams will have same bending moment

What is the significance of sectional modulus. [10+6]

Cont....2

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SET III

4.a) Derive the equation for shear stress due to transverse shear load with standard notations

b)



For the beam shown, Determine the shear stress Between A & B at point '2' on the cross section. [16]

5.a) Explain the procedure of finding deflections using Macaulay's method



b)

Determine the deflection at the centre of the beam. $E=2X10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $I=2X10^6 \text{ mm}^4 [8+8]$

6.a) Define the stresses in thin walled pressure vessels.

b) A boiler is subjected to an internal steam pressure of 3 N/mm². The thickness of the boiler plate is 2.5 cm and the permissible tensile stress is $125 \frac{N}{mm^2}$. Determine the maximum diameter, when the efficiency of longitudinal joint is 90% and that of circumferential joint is 35%. [8+8]

7. What are the types of rivelted joints. Explain various joints with the help of neat sketches. [16]

Cont....3

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SET III



8.

A ANNA A

Determine the bending stress at *A'and B'* for the T-section shown. Flange dimension 100mm width and web dimensions 120mm height with uniform thickness of 5mm. [16]



2.a) For the beam shown in figure, Draw the BMD and determine the location where maximum bending moment occurs



b) Explain the significance of point of Contra-flexure. [10+6]

- 3.a) Explain the presence of shear stresses in beams due to transverse shear loads
 - b) Derive the condition for maximum shear stresses in triangular section

[8+8]

Cont....2

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SET IV

[6+10]

4.a) What are the assumptions in simple bending theory



b) Determine the maximum bending stress for the beam shown above





b)

For the SSB, with U.D.L and point load P shown above, determine the deflection under load P using double integration method [8+8]

- 6. Derive the equation for change in diameter, change in length and change in volume when a thin walled cylinder is subjected to an internal pressure. Use the standard rotations. [16]
- 7.a) Explain double rivetted butt joint with double cover plate with the help of neat sketch
 - b) What is the effect of considering friction between the joints. [10+6]

8.

